

Agenda

Best Practices

- Tier 1 Tests
- Tier 2 Tests

Zoom on Bi-Directional Tests

- What Standards Say
- Benefits
- Solutions: Single vs Two Instruments





Best Practices Tier 1 & Tier 2 Tests

End Face Inspection/Certification

- Ensure pristine end-face condition PRIOR to mating
- IEC 61300-3-35

Tier-1 (or basic) Certification (OLTS)

- Test procedures: IEC 61280-4-2 (Singlemode) and IEC 61280-4-1 (Multimode)
- Provides overall loss of link/channel
- Measures length via "time of flight"

Tier-2 (or advanced) Certification (OTDR)

- Locate and characterize each passive optical elements (events): loss/attenuation and reflectance
- OTDR: Ideal fiber troubleshooting tool to quickly find the cause AND location of excess loss (incl. breaks) and reflectance
- Improve measurement accuracy and get the "true" loss values of all individual optical elements with bi-directional OTDR

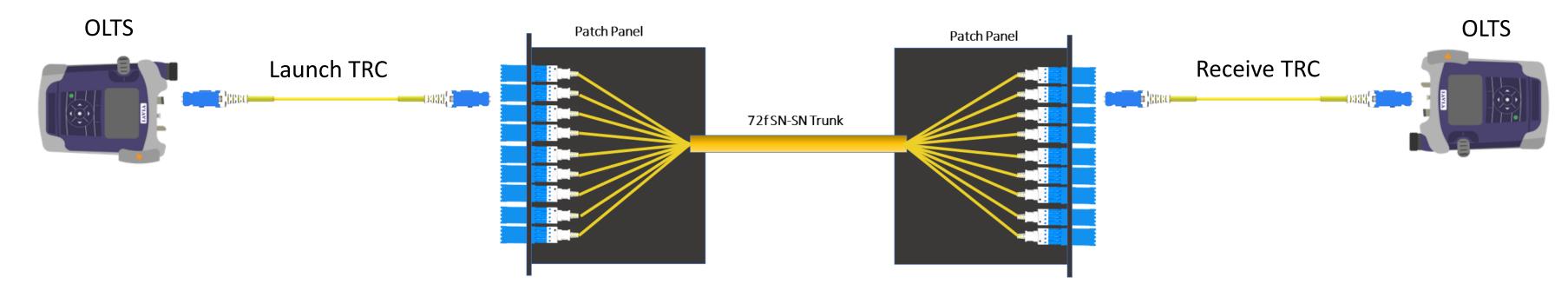
When testing?

- At Greenfield, new network installation
- At Brownfield, network expansion
- On unused/dark fiber links before turnup

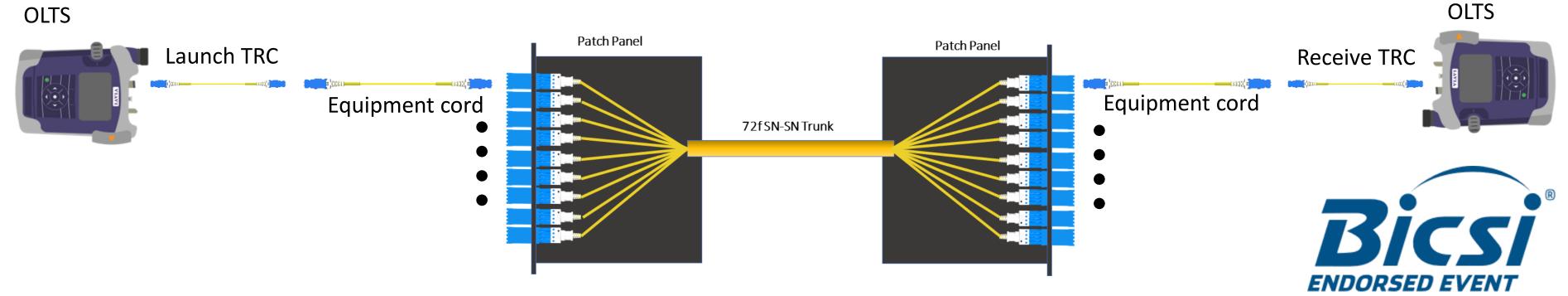


What do we test?

Construction phase (Links)



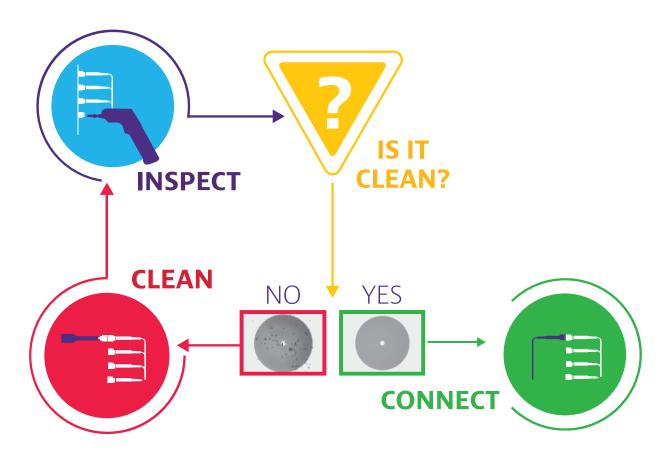
Operational phase (Channels)



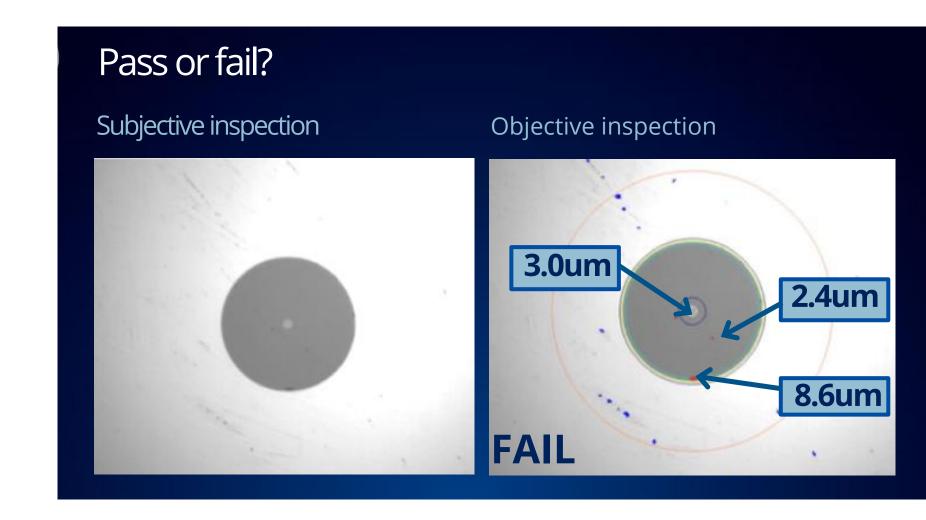


Best Practices End Face Inspection & Certification

Inspect Before You Connectsm (IBYC)



Follow this simple *INSPECT BEFORE YOU*CONNECT process to ensure fiber end faces are clean prior to mating connectors

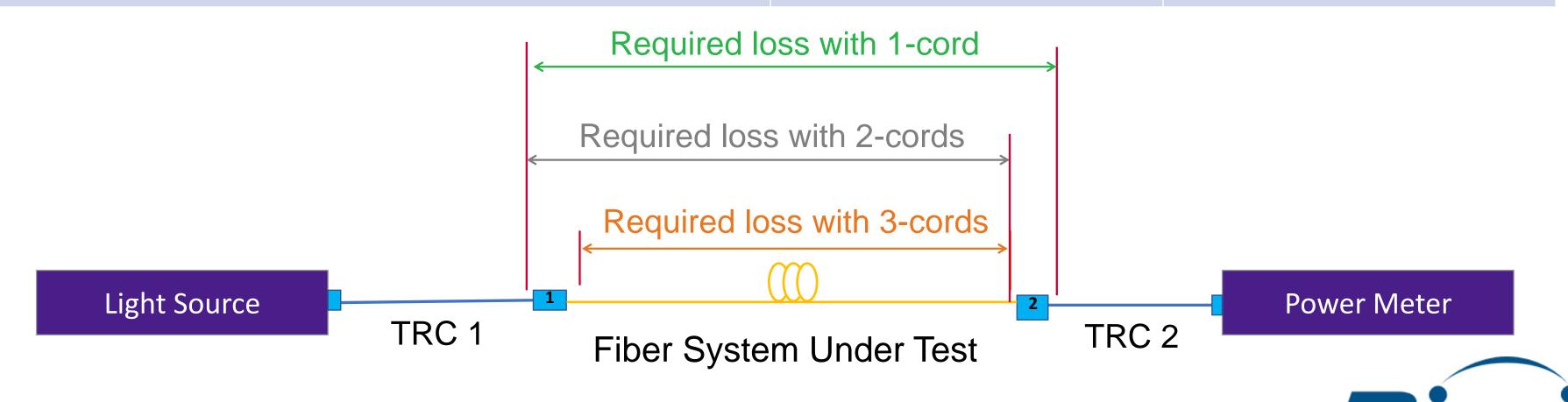






Cabling Configuration & Applicable Test Methods (Tier-1)

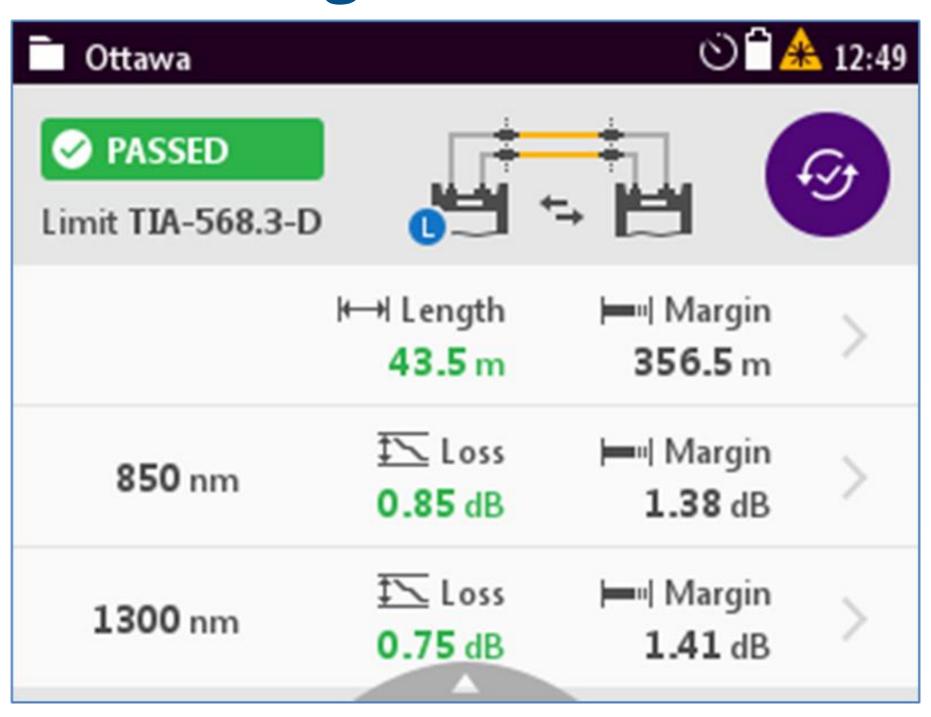
Cabling Config.	End connections attenuation included	Reference Test Method (RTM)
A. Adapters/bulkheads at both ends	2	1-Cord
B. Plugs/patch cords on both ends	0	3-Cords
C. Mixed: adapter at one end, plug at the other end	1	2-Cords



ENDORSED EVENT



Best PracticesTier 1 Certification Loss/Length Certification



- Measure Length
- Measure Loss
- Validate E2E Polarity
- Ensure Loss does not exceed a "limit" (AKA loss budget)
- Document results





Best Practices Tier 2 Test: using an OTDR



Features

- IL & ORL: fiber link + Events
- Distance: link + Events localization

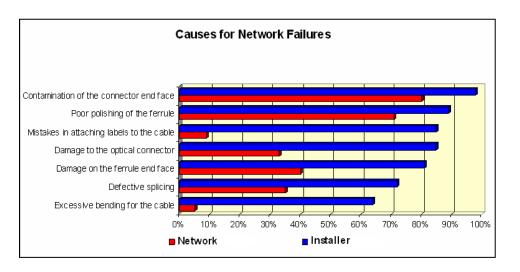
Benefits

- Single ended measurement possible
- Precise Fault identification & location
- Permanent record of fiber

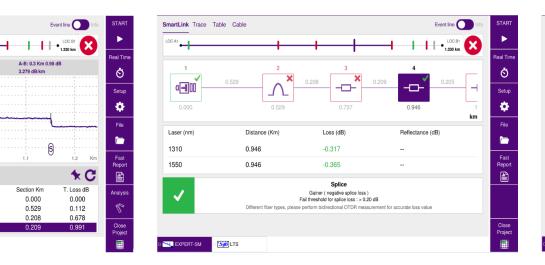
User experience

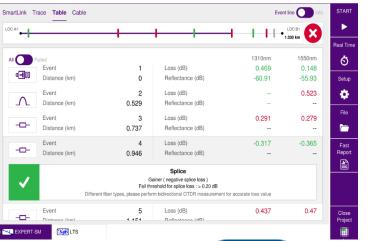
- Trace
- Event table with pass/fail criteria
- Link map









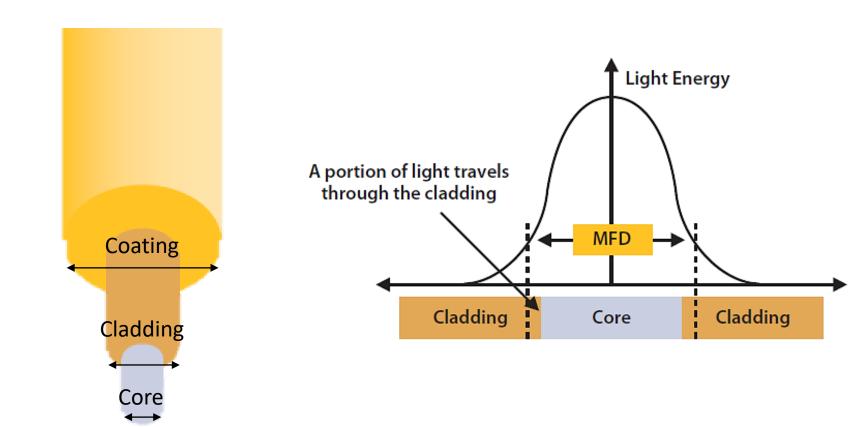






Best Practices Tier 2 Test: Uni-directional OTDR limitations

- 1. Close events detection
- 2. Proof of continuity
- 3. Total end to end loss (including the end connector)
- 4. Fiber mismatches leading to confusing results



Standards	ITU-T G.652.D	ITU-T G.657.A/.B
Wavelength (nm)	1310	1310
MFD (μm)	8.6 to 9.5 ±0.6	8.6 to 9.2 ±0.4
Max. Diff. (μm)	2.1	1.7





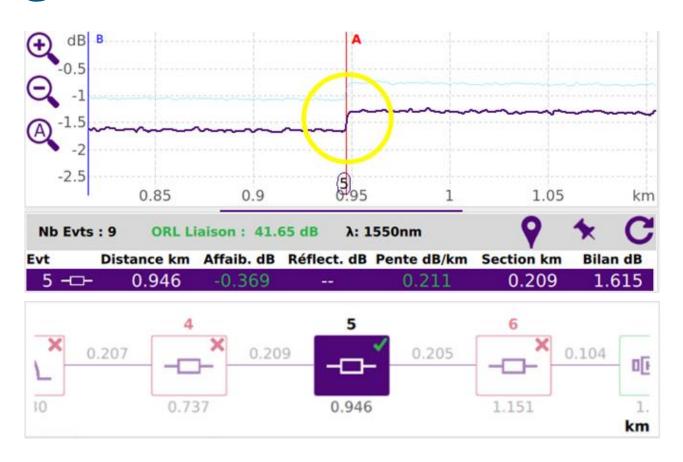
Zoom on Bi-Directional Tests





Zoom on Bi-Directional TestsBi-directional OTDR Benefits

A->B direction : Apparent gain (False Positive)



B->A direction: Excessive loss (False Negative)



True splice loss is
 the average:
 (Event loss A->B +
 Eventloss B->A) / 2
@1550 nm : 0,049 dB

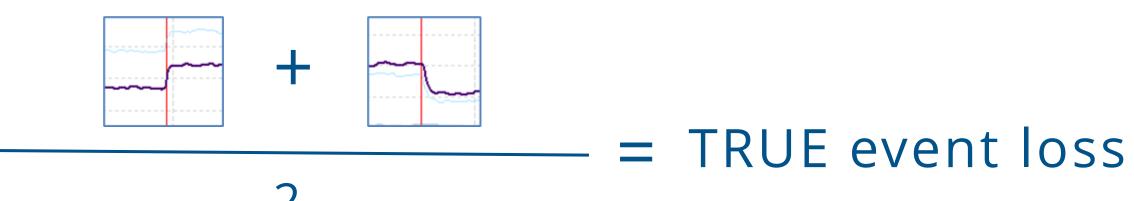




Zoom on Bi-Directional Tests

What Standards Say

Bi-Directional OTDR Analysis



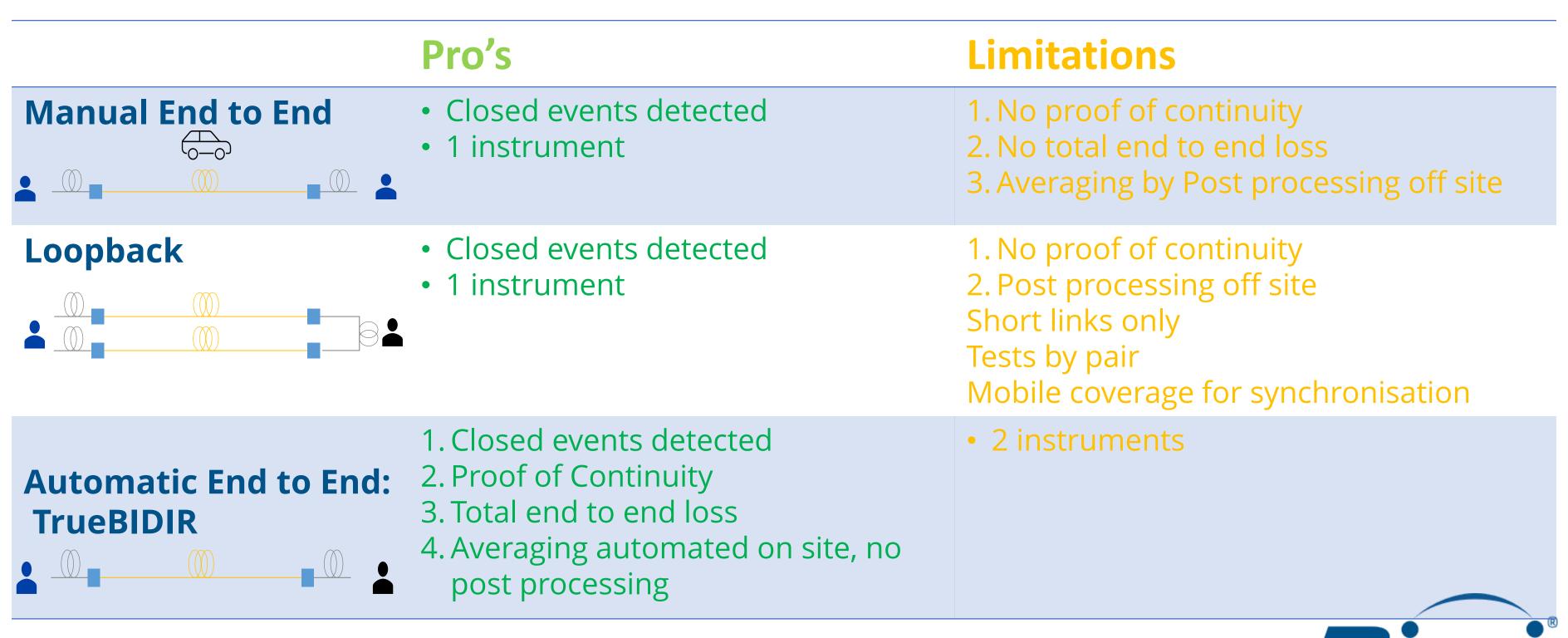
- The only method for accurate loss/event loss measurement per the international standards (IEC and TIA)
- Eliminate the effects of backscatter differences (≠ MFDs) seen by the OTDR

- Commonly performed for acceptance testing of access feeders, metro and long-haul fiber cables
- Most accurate method to get the "TRUE" event
- OSS Improves event detection and location accuracy



Zoom on Bi-Directional Tests

Test methods

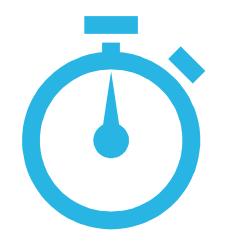


ENDORSED EVENT



Zoom on Bi-Directional Tests Time studies

576 fibers / 10 km	Manual End to End	Loopback	TrueBIDIR
No. of days	2.9	1.9	1.3*







- More than 2x faster than traditional methods
- Less than 1.5 days compare to almost 3 days for 576 fibers cable
- Only 3 days to payback the "extra" test set
- Contractor double its profit every year.



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Zoom on Bi-Directional Tests Tier 2 Certification Summary - Key Points



With Uni-Directional OTDR:

- Precise events fault identification & location
- Permanent record of fiber link characteristics



With Bi-Directional OTDR:

- Better accuracy
- Compliancy and reliability



With TrueBIDIR (Automated Bi-Directional + on site averaging):

- Immediate corrective actions, reduced call backs
- Operational efficiency improved

